You are a registered voter in Arkansas. New voters must register in their county at least 30 days before the election. If you are moving from one county to another within the state, your updated registration must be in the county clerk's office by the fourth day before the election.

Other Qualifications

- A U.S. citizen;
- An Arkansas resident;
- Age 18 or you will be 18 before the next election;
- Not a convicted felon who has not been discharged or pardoned;
- Not presently adjudged as mentally incompetent as to your ability to vote by a court of competent jurisdiction; and
- Not claiming the right to vote elsewhere – in another county in Arkansas or another state.

ID REQUIREMENTS FOR FIRST-TIME VOTERS WHO REGISTERED BY MAIL

If you registered to vote by mail after January 1, 2003, did not submit a copy of the required identification with the application, and are voting in an election for federal office for the first time in the state, you are required to present a valid Arkansas Driver's License or photo identification, or a copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or other government document that shows your name and address to the election officials before being permitted to vote. If you do not present this required form of identification, you may vote a Provisional Ballot.

VERIFICATION OF VOTER REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

Each voter shall verify his or her registration when voting by presenting a document or identification card that:

A. Shows the name of the person to whom the document or identification card was issued;
B. Shows a photograph of the person to whom the document or identification card was issued;
C. Is issued by the United States, the State of Arkansas, or an accredited postsecondary educational institution of the State of Arkansas; and
D. If displaying an expiration date, is not expired or expired no more than four (4) years before the date of the election in which the voter seeks to vote. [Arkansas Constitution, Amendment 8, § 11(b)(4)(A)]

Documents and identification cards that will be accepted as verification of voter registration include without limitation:

A. Driver's license; A concealed handgun carry license; A United States passport; An employee badge or identification document issued by an accredited postsecondary education institution in the State of Arkansas; A United States military identification document; A public assistance identification card if the card shows a photograph of the person to whom the document or identification card was issued. [Arkansas Constitution, Amendment 8, § 11(b)(4)(B)]

PROVISIONAL VOTING FOR VOTERS UNABLE TO VERIFY REGISTRATION

Voters unable to verify registration when voting or in person shall be permitted to cast a provisional ballot. Provisional ballots cast in this manner will be counted if:

A. The voter completes a sworn statement at the polling site stating that the voter is registered to vote in this state and that he or she is the person registered to vote, and the county board of election commissioners does not determine that the provisional ballot is invalid and should not be counted based on other grounds, or
B. The voter returns to the county board of election commissioners or the county clerk by 12:00 noon on the Monday following the election and presents a document or identification card meeting the requirements described above, and the county board of election commissioners does not determine that the provisional ballot is invalid and should not be counted based on other grounds. [Arkansas Constitution, Amendment 8, § 11(b)(4)(B)]

FAIL SAFE VOTING

When your current address differs from what appears on the Precinct Voter Registration List:

- A poll worker must contact the county clerk; and
- The county clerk must verify that your address is within the precinct.

When your new address is within the current voting precinct:

- You must complete the change of address portion of a voter registration application form to update county voter registration records.

When your new address is not within the current voting precinct:

- You must first verify with the county clerk your correct voting precinct. Then, you must visit the new polling site and complete the change of address portion of a voter registration application. This procedure will update the county voter registration records and allow you to vote.

When your name is NOT on the Precinct Voter Registration List:

- You must identify yourself by name and date of birth, and must be verified by the county clerk as a registered voter within the county;
- You must give your current address, and the election official must verify with the county clerk that the residence is within the voting precinct;
- You must complete an updated voter registration application; and
- You must sign the Precinct Voter Registration List.

When your name differs from the Precinct Voter Registration List:

- You must complete a voter registration application form to update county voter registration records.

CASTING A PROVISIONAL BALLOT

There are several reasons why you may be asked to vote a Provisional Ballot including:

- Your name does not appear on the precinct voter registration list;
- You are unable to comply with identification requirements for mail in registrants who failed to provide the necessary identification when registering to vote;
- You failed to provide a photo ID or verify your voter registration;
- The precinct voter registration list indicates that you requested an absentee ballot or voted during early voting, or
- Your vote is challenged by a poll watcher.

The challenge must be made before you sign the Precinct Voter Registration List, and if applicable, the person making the challenge must complete a Challenged Ballot Form. If your vote is challenged, you must be given the opportunity to cast a Provisional Ballot.

Procedures for Casting a Provisional Ballot:

1. An election official will inform the voter.
2. If applicable, the poll watcher will complete a Challenged Ballot Form.
3. The election official will write the voter's name and address on the list of provisional voters.
4. The voter will complete a Voter Affirmation form on which the voter affirms that he or she is registered in the precinct and is eligible to vote in the election.
5. If applicable, the voter may complete a Verification of Identity Affirmation form.
6. The election official will give the voter the proper ballot after removing the stub and placing it in the ballot stub box.
7. The voter will mark the ballot, then place it in the Provisional Ballot Envelope and seal it.
8. The sealed Provisional Ballot Envelope should be placed in the Provisional Voter Envelope, along with the Challenged Ballot Form (if applicable) and the Voter Affirmation. It is likely that the Challenged Ballot Form and the Voter Affirmation will be printed on the outside of the Provisional Voter Envelope.
9. The poll workers will set the Provisional Voter Envelope aside, separated from the regular ballots, until the county board of election commissioners determines whether the votes may be counted.
10. The election official will provide the voter with written instructions on how to determine whether his provisional vote was counted, and, if not, the reason the vote was not counted. (In most cases, the election commission will mail a notice to the voter.)
11. Before the results of the election are certified, the election commission must determine whether the Provisional Ballot may be counted.

YOUR RIGHTS AS A VOTER

Registration

Voters who are otherwise qualified to register and vote may be entitled to register and vote absentee in an election for federal office if they are in the military or are residing overseas. [42 U.S.C.S. 1973ff-1]

Youth who have submitted to appropriate officials (or mailed and postmarked) their completed and valid registration application by 10 days before an election for federal office or such lesser time as permitted by state law, and whom the registrar has determined are eligible, are entitled to be registered and to vote in that election. [42 U.S.C.S. 1973ff-6(a)(1)]

You are entitled to notice of the disposition of your voter registration application. [42 U.S.C.S. 1973gg-6(a)(2)]

Qualified to vote

Just because you do not apply standards or practices which deny or abridge the right to vote on account of race, must not deny any individual the right to vote on account of errors or omissions in registration applications which are not material to determining whether such individual is qualified to vote, and must not apply different standards and procedures to voters in determining whether they are qualified to vote. [42 U.S.C.S. 1973c, 1973ef]

Early Voting

Early voting shall be available to any qualified elector who applies to the county clerk's early voting location beginning 13 days before a preferential primary or general election between the hours of 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. Monday and 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturday and ending at 5 p.m. the Monday before the election. [A.C.A. § 7-5-3-418]

Voting

If you are otherwise qualified to vote in an election for President or Vice-President, you may not be denied the right to vote for those offices due solely to a failure to satisfy a durational residency requirement. [42 U.S.C.S. 1973aa-1]

Provisional Voter

Voters in an election for federal office who vote by provisional ballot are entitled to written information describing how they may learn, through a free access system, whether their provisional ballot was counted by election officials, and if it was not, the reason the vote was not counted. [42 U.S.C.S. 1973aa-1]

Each voter shall be provided the privacy to mark his or her ballot. [A.C.A. § 7-5-310]

Election officials must not fail or refuse to permit a person to vote who is entitled to vote and must not refuse to tabulate, count and report such person's vote. [A.C.A. § 7-5-104(a)(6); 42 U.S.C.S. 1973cc(b); 5 U.S.C.S. 242, 242b, 608(a)]

Election officials must not deny persons of any right secured by the 26th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution (regarding not denying the right to vote to citizens 18 years of age and older on account of age). [42 U.S.C.S. 1973bb]

Provisional Ballot

Voters in an election for federal office who vote by provisional ballot are entitled to written information describing how they may learn, through a free access system, whether their provisional ballot was counted by election officials, and if it was not, the reason the vote was not counted. [42 U.S.C.S. 1973aa-1]

Qualified electors may cast an absentee ballot if the voter is unavoidably absent from the county on election day because of illness or physical disability. [42 U.S.C.S. 1973ff-3]

Any voter who because of physical, sensory, or other disability who presents himself or herself for voting and who then informs a poll worker at the polling site that he or she is unable to stand in line for extended periods of time shall be entitled to and assisted by a polling worker to advance to the head of any line of voters then waiting in line to vote at the polling site. [A.C.A. § 7-5-310(c)]

Assistance in Voting

If you need assistance in voting, you may use a voting machine accessible to persons with disabilities [A.C.A. § 7-5-310] or you have the right to be assisted by the person of your choice, or by two poll workers, one of whom will assist with voting, the other shall observe. Anyone assisting the voter shall do so according to the wishes of the voter without comment or interpretation. [A.C.A. § 7-5-310, 311; 42 U.S.C.S. 1973aa-6]

The following officials may assist an unlimited number of voters who request help in marking and casting a ballot:

- A Poll Worker;
- County Clerk or Deputy County Clerk (during Early Voting)

All other persons may assist no more than six voters in marking and casting a ballot at an election. [A.C.A. § 7-5-310(b)(3)]

Absentee

The voter may designate someone to pick up and deliver absentee ballot applications and/ or absentee ballots.

Qualified electors may cast an absentee ballot if the voter is unavoidably absent from his or her voting place on the day of the election or the person will be unable to attend the polls on election day because of illness or physical disability. [A.C.A. § 7-5-402]